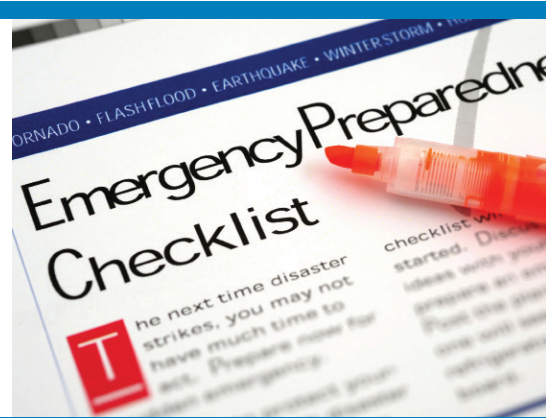


Flood Safety Tips



Flash Flood Safety Tips

- Avoid walking or driving through flood waters.
- Just 6 inches of moving water can knock you down, and 2 feet of water can sweep your vehicle away.
- If there is a chance of flash flooding, move immediately to higher ground. Flash floods are the number one cause of weather-related deaths in the United States.
- Avoid camping or parking along streams, rivers, and creeks during heavy rainfall. These areas can flood quickly and with little warning.

Flood Watch

- A flood watch means the conditions are right for flooding to occur in your area.
- Update your phone number and e-mail address with your electric company so you can be served faster in the event of an outage.
- Disconnect electrical appliances and do not touch electrical equipment if you are wet or standing in water. You could be electrocuted.

- If instructed, turn off your natural gas and electricity at the main switch or valve. This helps prevent fires and explosions.
- Turn on your TV and/or radio. You will receive the latest weather updates and emergency instructions.
- Know where to go. You may need to reach higher ground quickly and on foot.
- Build or restock your emergency preparedness kit. Include a flashlight, batteries, cash, and first aid supplies.
- Bring in outdoor furniture and move important indoor items to the highest possible floor. This will help protect them from flood damage.

Flood Warning

- During a flood warning, a flood is either happening or will happen shortly.
- Move immediately to higher ground or stay on high ground.
- Evacuate if directed.
- Avoid walking or driving through flood waters.

After A Flood

- Return home only when authorities say it is safe.
- Avoid standing water as it may be electrically charged from underground or downed power lines.
- Never go into a basement with standing water in it unless you are sure the electricity is off.
- Be aware of areas where floodwaters have receded and watch out for debris. Floodwaters often erode roads and walkways.
- Do not attempt to drive through areas that are still flooded.

If Your Power Is Out:

- Report your outage immediately to your local electric company. Don't rely on your neighbors to report your outage.
- Please be patient. Every company has a detailed plan for restoring electricity after a power outage. Visit EEI's website, www.eei.org, to learn more about the restoration process.
- After a storm, some customers may not be able to receive power to their homes because of the damage caused by high winds or flooding. Many local codes require that a licensed electrician or plumber do any repair work or that a city/county inspector check the system before power can be restored.

Source: www.Ready.gov, a website operated by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) and the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)